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#### **DECLARATION OF MARC CHING**

- I, MARC CHING, hereby declare and state:
- 1. I am over the age of eighteen (18) and am the Founder and President of Plaintiff Animal Hope and Wellness Foundation (hereinafter sometimes referred to as Plaintiff "AHWF"), a non-profit corporation focused solely on rescuing abused and neglected animals, providing full rehabilitation services and working to help find them loving homes and families. I have personal and first-hand knowledge of each of the facts contained in this Declaration, and if called as a witness could and would competently testify to those matters. This Declaration is filed in support of Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendant Deborah Hall's Special Motion to Strike Under CCP 425.16.
- 2. I am a 4th generation Japanese herbalist and human holistic nutritionist. I am also the owner of a small retail business by the name of PetStaurant located in Sherman Oaks, California, which, among other things, sells organic pet food for dogs and cats.
- 3. In or about May 2016, I devised a plan to temporarily close slaughterhouses in Yulin, China for the duration of the Lychee and Dog festival, commonly referred to as the "Yulin Dog Meat Festival." I was hoping to negotiate with the slaughterhouse owners once I arrived in China.
- 4. On or about May 15, 2016, I invited, via Plaintiff AHWF's Facebook page, Plaintiff AHWF's supporters to join me in Yulin for the Yulin Dog Meat Festival. A copy of the May 15, 2016 post is attached hereto, labeled Exhibit "1" and is incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth at length.
- 5. On June 2, 2016, I posted, via Plaintiff AHWF's Facebook page, a plea for those who were interested to assist Plaintiff AHWF and me in preparing for the journey to Yulin. In the post, I explained that I needed veterinarians to accompany me to Yulin to treat and care for the rescued dogs, people with contacts in China and other animal rescue organizations to assist with the efforts of Plaintiff AHWF. A copy of the June 2, 2016 post is attached hereto, labeled Exhibit "2" and is incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth at length.

- 6. Many people expressed interest in accompanying me to Yulin and on June 4, 2016, I was copied on email correspondence from Valarie Ianniello, the Director of Plaintiff AHWF to the volunteers. In the correspondence, Valarie stated that the volunteers would be meeting me at the airport in Nanning, China on June 19, 2016.
- 7. In or about mid-June 2016, Valarie informed me, while I was in Cambodia on another rescue effort, that Plaintiff AHWF was prepared to rescue approximately one hundred (100) dogs in Yulin and that a location in Nanning had been secured for the rescued dogs. I was told by Valarie that we had secured a location in Nanning, China (i.e., the safehouse) for the approximate 100 dogs Plaintiff AHWF intended to rescue from the Yulin Dog Meat Festival. As Director of Plaintiff AHWF, I placed Valarie in charge of making sure that the safehouse was equipped to handle the 100 dogs while keeping me updated on the progress. I was also told by Valarie that an extensive metal shaded structure had been built at the safehouse, structure, which had electricity and running water. The safehouse was never intended to be a permanent shelter for the rescued dogs, but rather a temporary place to house the dogs while they were treated and cared for by veterinarians and volunteers. The plan was to bring the rescued dogs to the United States by the end of the summer 2016 to be adopted by families in the United States.
- 8. On June 19, 2016, I was detained at the airport in Kualalumpur, Indonesia and missed my flight to Nanning, thus causing me to arrive at the airport in Nanning later than I had anticipated.
- 9. Upon my arrival in Nanning, I was greeted by the volunteers and my translator, Wang. We left in three (3) separate vans headed to Yulin. After a quick stop at the hotel, Wang and I left for a prearranged meeting with the head of Bo Ai Animal Center, Miss Du. Per Valarie's email correspondence of June 4, 2016 to the volunteers, Wang and I went directly from the airport to the meat market, while the volunteers were taken by van to their hotel.
- 10. On June 20, 2016, I met with various restaurant owners to discuss shutting their doors during the 10-day Yulin Dog Meat Festival. That day, I reached out to Peter Li of Human

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Society International as well as the Buddhist monks at Tree of Life to discuss each of them assisting Plaintiff AHWF with the rescue efforts. That evening and the next day consisted of heated negotiations between myself, Tree of Life and the slaughterhouse owners as to the number of dogs the slaughterhouse owners would release to Plaintiff AHWF.

- 11. In the late evening hours of June 21, 2016, Tree of Life and Gao Yao monastery, a sister sanctuary of Tree of Life, and I negotiated the release of hundreds of dogs. We were given a short window of time to remove the dogs from the slaughterhouse. I texted with Helen Reed and Lia Lee, two of the volunteers, that I needed the volunteers to meet me at the slaughterhouse in Yulin. Upon the volunteers' arrival at the slaughterhouse, we quickly began transferring the dogs from the slaughterhouse to the awaiting truck; once all of the dogs were removed, the truck departed for GaoYao monastery, in northern China. Approximately one (1) hour later, Tree of Life and I successful negotiated the release of an additional approximate eight hundred (800) dogs. The volunteers and I then traveled 20 minutes outside of the city to an open field where we discovered the approximate eight hundred (800) dogs still in butcher's Out of the approximately 800 dogs, approximately three hundred (300) dogs were cages. loaded onto a truck by the volunteers and myself and taken to the safehouse in Nanning; the remaining dogs were taken to Tree of Life. The truck carrying the 300 dogs left for Nanning at approximately 4:00 a.m. The volunteers followed in a separate van. My translator and I stayed behind in Yulin to attend an early morning meeting with another slaughterhouse.
- 12. During the morning hours of June 22, 2016 and while I was in Yulin, I was communicating via text with a volunteer by the name of Travis Seurattan. Travis informed me that the approximate 300 dogs had arrived at the safehouse that morning. I stated to Travis that the dogs were to be placed in the shade as I was concerned about their wellbeing and did not want the dogs to needlessly suffer in the heat. A copy of the text message chain between Travis and me is attached to the Declaration of Travis Seurattan as Exhibit "11" and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth at length.

- 13. Around the same time on June 22, 2016, I called Helen Reed on her cell phone; she put me on speaker phone so that the volunteers could give me an update as to the status of the dogs. I instructed the volunteers to make sure that the dogs were taken out of the cages and examined buy the veterinarians. I also called volunteer Daniel Wilfred to advise him that Humane Society International would be arriving at the safehouse shortly to retrieve 100 dogs.
- 14. Shortly thereafter, while at the hotel in Yulin, Wang and I ran into the camera crew from Hong Kong that had been documenting our rescue efforts at the Yulin Dog Meat Festival. The crew stated to me that they were heading to the safehouse in Nanning to film our newly rescued dogs as a conclusion to their story on the dog meat trade and offered to transport Wang and me to the safehouse since we were stranded at the hotel with no transportation.
- 15. Upon our arrival at the safehouse at 1:30 p.m., the camera crew and I went straight to where the volunteers and dogs were being transferred out of the cages. The reporter Lai Ling kindly asked me if I would give them a brief interview to which I agreed. I was interviewed for only two (2) minutes, not anywhere close to the twenty (20) minutes claimed by Defendant Hall in her Declaration. Not once during the interview did anyone "beg" me to "give the order to let the dogs out of the cages," an order that I never knew existed, let alone gave in the first place.
- 16. There were quite a few volunteers standing by me during the interview, one of whom was Defendant Hall. Since I am not comfortable being interviewed, I requested that Ms. Ling interview the volunteers who had worked tirelessly that day to help Plaintiff AHWF. One of the volunteers to be interviewed was Defendant Hall. I heard her interview. Not once during Defendant Hall's interview did she say anything negative about me or Plaintiff AHWF. She did not appear upset with me or frantic. She never mentioned to Ms. Ling that the dogs were sitting in cages because I had allegedly ordered them not to be removed or that volunteers were begging me to give them "the order to let the dogs out of the cages," which would have been the perfect opportunity for Defendant Hall to do so.

- 17. Prior to my arrival at the safehouse on June 22, 2016, I had no communication or interaction with the owner of the safehouse whose name I do not even know.
- 18. If dogs were left in cages in the sun, it was because the volunteers chose not to place the cages in the shade under the metal structure that had specifically been built for that purpose as common sense would have dictated and as per my conversation with Travis. The volunteers did not need my permission to move the cages under the shaded metal structure and I certainly never instructed the volunteers or anyone else to leave the dogs in the cages under the sun. The purpose of the metal structure was to give the dogs some reprieve from the debilitating heat. I was never asked by any volunteer for permission to move the dogs from the sun to the shaded structure.
- 19. Humane Society International ("HSI") arrived at the safehouse in the afternoon hours on June 22, 2016 to take 120 dogs to another shelter. All of the 120 dogs taken by HSI survived the 35-hour car ride as evidenced by text message correspondence between Peter Li of HIS and me on June 23, 2016. A copy of the text message chain between Peter Li, Valarie Ianniello and me is attached hereto, labeled Exhibit "3" and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth at length. These are the same dogs Defendant Hall falsely states in her Declaration that were "dead and dying at the feet" of Plaintiff Ching.
- 20. I left the safehouse in Nanning during the evening hours of June 22, 2016 to go back to Yulin. I had arranged a meeting with the local Yulin government for that evening. Upon my departure, I felt confident that things were in order for the care of our dogs.
- 21. On June 23, 2016, as I was preparing to leave China, I was made aware that the Tree of Life was in urgent need of help because they had taken more dogs than they were could handle. Instead of leaving China on June 23, 2016 as I had planned, Wang and I drove in the middle of the night to Tree of Life in Guangzhou to assess the needs of the rescued dogs and to determine whether Plaintiff AHWF could be of any assistance to Tree of Life. When I arrived in Guangzhou, there were local veterinarians treating the rescued dogs and many volunteers caring for them. Over the next two (2) days, I assisted a Chinese monk named "Jacky" who was

in charge of the dogs. I helped Jacky organize a triage and quarantine area, separate male dogs from female dogs, bag and bury dogs that had died, prepare food for dogs that were ill and assist local activists remove dogs from Tree of Life.

- 22. On June 25, 2016, I departed China for Los Angeles, California leaving Wang in charge at TOL; Valarie and Jeffrey Beri had engaged Dr. Beck of Beck & Stone, a highly respected British veterinarian who had agreed to travel to Tree of Life along with his support staff to examine and vaccinate the approximately 450 dogs remaining at Tree of Life. I left China knowing that I had left in place a solid team to care for the dogs in Nanning and Tree arof Life. Upon my arrival in Los Angeles on June 26, 2016, I went straight back to work at PetStaurant and did not go on "vacation" to Hawaii. Weeks later I traveled to Hawaii to be with my parents, who reside there.
- 23. My role at Plaintiff AHWF is to document the torture of abused and neglected animals and to physically rescue dogs and cats. Like I did in Nanning and Tree of Life, I have always created a support system to manage the aftercare of the rescued animals. I did not leave any of the rescued dogs to die, which is why, prior to my departure from China, Plaintiff AHWF had arranged for payment of the expenses regarding the aftercare of the rescued dogs at Nanning, which included staff, electricity, water bills, veterinarians, vet hospitals, medicine, food, equipment, cages, drivers to transport dogs. Throughout the month of July, August and September 2016, Plaintiff AHWF continued to pay for all expenses that arose in connection with the rescued dogs, including hotel and airfare for Defendant Beri.
- 24. While I take my role for Plaintiff AHWF very seriously and think I have a depth of knowledge on the dog meat trade, I have never referred to myself as an "expert", nor do I think I am an expert in the animal rescue arena.
- 25. I posted the video of Liberty, the dog whose paws had been severed, to Facebook and Instagram, to raise awareness of the different ways dogs are tortured in Cambodia. I did not ask for any money in connection with said video. I never posted the video of the dog being tortured by way of a blow-torch on any social media platform as I knew it was far too disturbing

and graphic. I happened to be in the Tomohon market investigating their dog meat trade when my translator and I stumbled upon the scene which was taking place in broad daylight while passersby ignored the dog's screams. My translator filmed the gruesome act only to use as evidence of the cruelty happening in Indonesia.

- 26. In early June 2016, Mr. Dalley sent me correspondence concerning the blow torch video wherein he offered to present it to the Indonesian government as evidence of torturing practices.
- 27. Prior to arriving in Yulin, Plaintiff AHWF had arranged for a local camera operator to follow the volunteers and me in Yulin as this was our first time in Yulin rescuing dogs in connection with the Yulin Dog Meat Festival. I have reviewed all of the footage of Yulin 2016, which includes the day's events on June 22, 2016. During the morning hours of June 22, 2016 and throughout that day until approximately 5:30 p.m., the volunteers along with workers retained by Plaintiff AHWF continuously and without interruption removed dogs from butcher's cages into new individual crates. At no time did the volunteers, including Defendant Hall, ever complain or appear upset about a supposed ban on removing dogs from cages. After my two (2) minute interview on June 22, 2016, I immediately began assisting the volunteers and the workers in continuing to remove dogs from cages into larger crates.

I DECLARE, UNDER PENALTY OF PEJURY, UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

Executed this 14th day of August 2017 at Los Angeles, California.

Marc Ching, Declarant